

2/5 B.A. LL.B.,

FOURTH SEMESTER

PAPER-XIII

HISTORY OF COURTS, LEGISLATURES AND LEGAL PROFESSION IN INDIA -II

I Legislature

- 1.1 Legislative authority of the East India Company under the Charter of Queen Elizabeth, 1601.
- 1.2 Changes under Regulating Act, 1773 - Act of 1781, Recognition of the powers of the Governor and Council to make Regulations by the British Parliament.
- 1.3 Act of 1813 and the extension of the legislative power conferred on all the Three councils and subjection of the same to greater control.
- 1.4 Act of 1833 - Establishment of Legislature of an All-India Character in 1834.
- 1.5. The Indian Councils Act, 1861, Central Legislative Council and its composition, powers and functions power conferred on the Governor.
- 1.6 Indian Councils Act of 1909- Government of India Act, 1919-Setting up of bicameral system of legislature at the Centre in place of the Imperial Council consisting of one House.
- 1.7 Government of India Act, 1935-the. Federal Assembly and the Council of States, its composition, powers and functions-Legislative Assemblies in the provinces and the powers and functions of the same.
- 1.8 Legislative Councils in the provinces, powers and functions of the same.
- 1.9 Law Reform and the Law Commissions.

II Legal Profession:

- 2.1 High Courts under the Act of 1861 and provision for the enrolment of the

advocates under the Letters Patent issued.

2.2. Legal Practitioners Act, 1879 ~Report of the Indian Bar Committee.

2.3. The Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926- The All India Bar Committee, 1951

2.4 The Advocates Act, 1961.

2.5 Development of legal Education.

2.6 History of Law Reporting in India.

RECOMMENDED SOURCE MATERIALS :

1. Herbert Cowell: The History and Constitution of the Courts and Legislative Authorities in India -6th Ed.Rev.S.C.Bagehi, Calcutta, Macker, Spink.1936.
2. Sr Courteny Hbert, The Government of India, 2nd Ed.London, OUP,1907 .
3. M.P.Jain - Outline of Indian Legal History, Dhanwantra Mechanical and Law Book House; Delhi.
4. AB.Keith - A Constitutional History of India, 1600-1935, 2nd Ed. Allahabad, Central Book Depot, 1961
5. Gwyer and Appadorai-Speeches and Documents on the Indian Constitution. 1945-1947 (2 Vols), London, OUP, 1957.
6. M.V.Pylee, Constitutional History of India (1600 - 1950, Bombay, Asia, 1967).

Paper-XIV

ECONOMICS-II

- I. INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN ECONOMY:
 - a. Trends in population growth.
 - b. Estimates of National Income in India.
 - c. Post-independence economic policies in India.
- II. POVERTY AND INCOME DISTRIBUTION:
 - a. Trends and inter-regional variations in the incidence of rural poverty.

- b. Unemployment trends and employment generation schemes.
 - c. Labour, Productivity and Wages.
- III. THE LOGIC OF INDIA'S DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY:
- a. Planning Process.
 - b. Priorities between agriculture and industry.
 - c. Choice of technology.
 - d. The role of public, private and joint sectors.
 - e. large, medium and small industries.
- IV. PROBLEM OF CONTROLLING ECONOMIC CONCENTRATION:
- a. Regulation of the Private Corporate Sector (Controls, License, Quotas).
 - b. Anti-monopolies and Restrictive Practices; Regulation;
 - c. Deficit Financing.
 - d. Pricing.
 - e. Labour Relations.
- V. FOREIGN INVESTMENTS:
- a. International Investment.
 - b. International Aid.
 - c. International Corporations.
 - d. Trends in new economic order.
- VI. EXPORT AND IMPORT POLICIES: IMPORT SUBSTITUTION AND EXPORT PROMOTION.
- VII. AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS:
- a. Basic characteristics of the economy and its transformation since Independence.
 - b. Evolution of Agrarian Relation - Integrated rural development.
 - c. Commercialisation of Agriculture.
 - d. Economics of Farm Management.
 - e. Agricultural credit.

VIII. ROLE OF CAPITAL, FORMATION, CREDIT AND BANKING SYSTEM.

RECOMMENDED SOURCE MATERIALS:

1. Rudder Datt and Sundaram: Indian Economy, (Delhi, S. Chand and Co., 1982).
2. A.N. Agarwala: Indian Economics, (New Delhi, Vikas, 1979).
3. K.K. Dewett - Indian Economics.
4. Gunnar Myrdag: Challenge of World Poverty.
5. C.T. Kurien; Planning Poverty and Social Transformation, (Allied Publications, 1976).
6. C.H. Hanumantha Rao and P.C. Joshi: Reflections of Economic Development and Social Change - Essays on Honour of V. K. R. V. Rao (Allied 1979).

Paper-XV

Information Technology Law

Information Technology Act, 2000 – e-commerce and Digital Signature – e-governance – Receipt of electronic records – Adoption of Security Procedures – Certifying Authorities under the Act - Adjudications and Penalties under the Act – Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal – Cyber Crime – Tampering with computer source documents – Hacking – Publishing of obscene material in electronic form – Breach of confidentiality and privacy – False Digital Signature – Computer Forensics - Powers of the Police Officers – Jurisdiction in Cyber cases – Punishments – Liability of Network Service Providers - Freedom of expression in cyberspace and online defamation – Copyright and Trademarks in the Digital and online medium

Books Recommended for Study :

1. **Information Technology Law and Practice by Vakul Sharma**, 2004 Edition, Universal Law Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. **Cyber Law in India (Law on Internet) by Dr.Farooq Ahmad**, 2nd Edition, 2005, Pioneer Books, New Era Law Publications, Outream Linea, Delhi.
3. **A Guide to Information Technology (Cyber Laws & E-Commerce) by Shakil Ahmed Syed, Rajiv Raheja**, 2001 Edition, Capital Law House, Vishwas Nagar, Delhi.
4. **Cyber Law & Crimes – IT Act, 2000 & Computer Crime Analysis by Barkha & U.Rama Mohan**, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.

Paper XVI

PSYCHOLOGY

Unit I – Psychology – Meaning, Nature and Scope.

Introduction – Definition – Behaviour – Nature of the subject Psychology – Scope – Branches and fields of Psychology – Utility of Psychology – Scientific Psychology – Structuralism, Functionalism, Behaviourism, Configuration, Psycho analysis, Humanist Psychology, Transpersonal Psychology, Cognitive Psychology.

Unit II Methods of Psychology -

Introduction – Introspection method – Experimental Method – Differential method – Clinical method, Psycho – Physical Method.

Unit III Behaviour, Heredity and Environment.

Introduction – Brain - Nervous System – Neural impulse – The influence of nervous system on human behaviour - Endocrine system.

Heredity – The role of genes – Environment – The role of Heredity and environment in the development of personality and behavior.

Unit IV Sensation, Perception, imagination, Instincts and Emotions.

Introduction – Definition of Instinct – Classification of instinct Emotion – Kinds – Characteristics – Theories – Identification and measurement of emotions – Emotional Intelligence.

Meaning and types of senses and sensitivity – – Meaning of Perception.

Unit V Cognitive Psychology

Individual differences – Intelligence testing Reasoning – Problem solving – Creativity – Imagination – Memory.

Unit VI Criminal Psychology.

Introduction – Heredity and Crime – Bio Physical factors and Criminality – Intelligence testing - Freud's theory of Criminal Behaviour – Aristotle's Four Laws of Association – Conflict theory of Crime - Classification of criminals - Treatment and rehabilitation of criminals control of crime, cyber crime, its prevention – Mass Psychology – Group Therapy – Suicidal tendency / kleptomania.

Recommended References Material:

1. Counseling Psychology by H.L.Kaila, The Associated Publishers, 2963/2, Kacha Bazaar, Post Box No.36, Ambala, Cantt-133 001.
2. Psychology and Effective Behaviour, James C.Coleman, 1969, D.B.Taraporevala Sons & Co Pvt. Ltd., Treasure House of Books, 210, Dr.Dadabhai Naoroji Road, Bombay.
3. General Psychology, S.K.Mangal, Neelkamal Publications, New Delhi.
4. Psychology of Aggression, Violence and Crime, Girish Bala Mohanthy, Kalyani Publishers Ludhiana, New Delhi.
5. Invitation to Psychology, Beena and Parameswaran.
